

# Package: baritsu (via r-universe)

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**Title** Wrappers for 'mlpack'

**Version** 0.0.2

**Description** A collection of wrappers for the 'mlpack' package that allows passing formula as their argument.

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**URL** <https://paithiov909.github.io/baritsu/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/paithiov909/baritsu/issues>

**Depends** parsnip

**Imports** generics, hardhat, mlpack, rlang, stats, tibble, utils

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adaboost	<i>AdaBoost</i>
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## Description

A wrapper around `mlpack::adaboost()` that allows passing a formula.

## Usage

```
adaboost(
  formula = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  epochs = 1000,
  tolerance = 1e-10,
  weak_learner = c("decision_stump", "perceptron"),
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

formula	A formula.
data	A data.frame.
epochs	The maximum number of boosting iterations to be run (0 will run until convergence.)
tolerance	The tolerance for change in values of the weighted error during training.
weak_learner	Weak learner to use. Either "decision_stump" or "perceptron".
x	Design matrix.
y	Response matrix.

## Value

An object of class `baritsu_ab`.

## See Also

`mlpack::adaboost()` `predict.baritsu_ab()`

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decision_trees	<i>Decision trees</i>
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## Description

A wrapper around [mlpack::decision\\_tree\(\)](#) that allows passing a formula.

## Usage

```
decision_trees(  
    formula = NULL,  
    data = NULL,  
    tree_depth = 0,  
    min_n = 20,  
    minimum_gain_split = 1e-07,  
    weights = NULL,  
    x = NULL,  
    y = NULL  
)
```

## Arguments

formula	A formula.
data	A data.frame.
tree_depth	Maximum depth of the tree.
min_n	Minimum number of data points in a leaf.
minimum_gain_split	Minimum gain required to split an internal node.
weights	Weights for each observation.
x	Design matrix.
y	Response matrix.

## Details

To prevent masking of [parsnip::decision\\_tree\(\)](#), this function is named `decision_trees` (plural form!)

## Value

An object of class `baritsu_dt`.

## See Also

[mlpack::decision\\_tree\(\)](#) [predict.baritsu\\_dt\(\)](#)

`hoeffding_trees`      *Hoeffding trees*

## Description

A wrapper around `mlpack::hoeffding_tree()` that allows passing a formula.

## Usage

```
hoeffding_trees(
  formula = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  confidence_factor = 0.95,
  sample_size = 10,
  max_samples = 5000,
  min_samples = 100,
  info_gain = FALSE,
  batch_mode = FALSE,
  numeric_split_strategy = c("binary", "domingos"),
  num_breaks = 10,
  observations_before_binning = 100,
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

<code>formula</code>	A formula.
<code>data</code>	A data.frame.
<code>confidence_factor</code>	Confidence before splitting (between 0 and 1).
<code>sample_size</code>	Number of passes to take over the dataset.
<code>max_samples</code>	Maximum number of samples before splitting.
<code>min_samples</code>	Minimum number of samples before splitting.
<code>info_gain</code>	Logical. If set, information gain is used instead of Gini impurity for calculating Hoeffding bounds.
<code>batch_mode</code>	Logical. If true, samples will be considered in batch instead of as a stream. This generally results in better trees but at the cost of memory usage and runtime.
<code>numeric_split_strategy</code>	The splitting strategy to use for numeric features.
<code>num_breaks</code>	If the "domingos" split strategy is used, this specifies the number of bins for each numeric split.
<code>observations_before_binning</code>	If the "domingos" split strategy is used, this specifies the number of samples observed before binning is performed.

x	Design matrix.
y	Response matrix.

**Value**

An object of class `baritsu_ht`.

**See Also**

[mlpack::hoeffding\\_tree\(\)](#) [predict.baritsu\\_ht\(\)](#)

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`linear_regression`      *Linear regression*

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**Description**

A wrapper around `mlpack::linear_regression()` and `mlpack::lars()` that allows passing a formula.

**Usage**

```
linear_regression(  
    formula = NULL,  
    data = NULL,  
    lambda1 = 0,  
    lambda2 = 0,  
    no_intercept = FALSE,  
    no_normalize = FALSE,  
    use_cholesky = FALSE,  
    x = NULL,  
    y = NULL  
)
```

**Arguments**

formula	A formula.
data	A data.frame.
lambda1	Regularization parameter for L1-norm penalty.
lambda2	Regularization parameter for L2-norm penalty.
no_intercept	Logical; passed to <code>mlpack::lars()</code> .
no_normalize	Logical; passed to <code>mlpack::lars()</code> .
use_cholesky	Logical; passed to <code>mlpack::lars()</code> .
x	Design matrix.
y	Response matrix.

**Details**

When the lambda1 is 0, this function fallbacks to `mlpack::linear_regression()` for performance.

**Value**

An object of class `baritsu_lr`.

**See Also**

`mlpack::linear_regression()` `mlpack::lars()` `predict.baritsu_lr()`

`linear_regression_bayesian`

*Bayesian linear regression*

**Description**

A wrapper around `mlpack::bayesian_linear_regression()` that allows passing a formula.

**Usage**

```
linear_regression_bayesian(
  formula = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  center = FALSE,
  scale = FALSE,
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>formula</code>	A formula.
<code>data</code>	A <code>data.frame</code> .
<code>center</code>	Logical; if enabled, centers the data and fits the intercept.
<code>scale</code>	Logical; if enabled, scales each feature by their standard deviations.
<code>x</code>	Design matrix.
<code>y</code>	Response matrix.

**Value**

An object of class `baritsu_blr`.

**See Also**

`mlpack::bayesian_linear_regression()` `predict.baritsu_blr()`

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linear_svm	<i>L2-regularized support vector machine</i>
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## Description

A wrapper around `mlpack::linear_svm()` that allows passing a formula.

## Usage

```
linear_svm(  
    formula = NULL,  
    data = NULL,  
    margin = 1,  
    penalty = 1e-04,  
    epochs = 1000,  
    no_intercept = FALSE,  
    tolerance = 1e-10,  
    optimizer = c("lbfsgs", "psgd"),  
    stop_iter = 50,  
    learn_rate = 0.01,  
    shuffle = FALSE,  
    seed = 0,  
    x = NULL,  
    y = NULL  
)
```

## Arguments

formula	A formula.
data	A data.frame.
margin	Margin of difference between correct class and other classes.
penalty	L2-regularization constant.
epochs	Maximum iterations for optimizer (0 indicates no limit). This argument is passed as <code>max_iterations</code> , not as <code>epochs</code> for <code>mlpack::linear_svm()</code> .
no_intercept	Logical; passed to <code>mlpack::linear_svm()</code> .
tolerance	Convergence tolerance for optimizer.
optimizer	Optimizer to use for training ("lbfsgs" or "psgd").
stop_iter	Maximum number of full epochs over dataset for parallel SGD.
learn_rate	Step size for parallel SGD optimizer. in which data points are visited for parallel SGD.
shuffle	Logical; if true, doesn't shuffle the order.
seed	Random seed. If 0, <code>std::time(NULL)</code> is used internally.
x	Design matrix.
y	Response matrix.

**Value**

An object of class `baritsu_svm`.

**See Also**

`mlpack::linear_svm()` `predict.baritsu_svm()`

`logistic_regression`    *L2-regularized logistic regression*

**Description**

A wrapper around `mlpack::logistic_regression()` that allows passing a formula.

**Usage**

```
logistic_regression(
  formula = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  penalty = 1e-04,
  epochs = 1000,
  decision_boundary = 0.5,
  tolerance = 1e-10,
  optimizer = c("lbfsgs", "sgd"),
  batch_size = 64,
  learn_rate = 0.01,
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>formula</code>	A formula.
<code>data</code>	A <code>data.frame</code> .
<code>penalty</code>	L2-regularization constant.
<code>epochs</code>	Maximum number of iterations.
<code>decision_boundary</code>	Decision boundary for prediction; if the logistic function for a point is less than the boundary, the class is taken to be 0; otherwise, the class is 1.
<code>tolerance</code>	Convergence tolerance for optimizer.
<code>optimizer</code>	Optimizer to use for training ("lbfsgs" or "sgd").
<code>batch_size</code>	Batch size for SGD.
<code>learn_rate</code>	Step size for SGD optimizer.
<code>x</code>	Design matrix.
<code>y</code>	Response matrix.

**Value**

An object of class `baritsu_lgr`.

**See Also**

`mlpack::logistic_regression()` `predict.baritsu_lgr()`

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naive\_bayes

*Parametric naive Bayes classifier*

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**Description**

A wrapper around `mlpack::nbc()` that allows passing a formula.

**Usage**

```
naive_bayes(  
    formula = NULL,  
    data = NULL,  
    incremental_variance = FALSE,  
    x = NULL,  
    y = NULL  
)
```

**Arguments**

formula	A formula.
data	A data.frame.
incremental_variance	Logical; passed to <code>mlpack::nbc()</code> .
x	Design matrix.
y	Response matrix.

**Value**

An object of class `baritsu_nbc`.

**See Also**

`mlpack::nbc()` `predict.baritsu_nbc()`

perceptron

*Single level neural network***Description**

A wrapper around [mlpack::perceptron\(\)](#) that allows passing a formula.

**Usage**

```
perceptron(formula = NULL, data = NULL, epochs = 100, x = NULL, y = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

formula	A formula.
data	A data.frame.
epochs	Maximum number of iterations.
x	Design matrix.
y	Response matrix.

**Value**

An object of class `baritsu_prc`.

**See Also**

[mlpack::perceptron\(\)](#) [predict.baritsu\\_prc\(\)](#)

predict.baritsu

*Prediction using mlpack via baritsu***Description**

Predicts with new data using a stored mlpack model.

**Usage**

```
## S3 method for class 'baritsu_ab'
predict(object, newdata, type = c("both", "class", "prob"), ...)

## S3 method for class 'baritsu_dt'
predict(object, newdata, type = c("both", "class", "prob"), ...)

## S3 method for class 'baritsu_ht'
predict(object, newdata, ...)
```

```

## S3 method for class 'baritsu_blr'
predict(object, newdata, ...)

## S3 method for class 'baritsu_lr'
predict(object, newdata, ...)

## S3 method for class 'baritsu_lgr'
predict(object, newdata, type = c("both", "class", "prob"), ...)

## S3 method for class 'baritsu_prc'
predict(object, newdata, ...)

## S3 method for class 'baritsu_sr'
predict(object, newdata, type = c("both", "class", "prob"), ...)

## S3 method for class 'baritsu_nbc'
predict(object, newdata, type = c("both", "class", "prob"), ...)

## S3 method for class 'baritsu_rf'
predict(object, newdata, type = c("both", "class", "prob"), ...)

## S3 method for class 'baritsu_svm'
predict(object, newdata, type = c("both", "class", "prob"), ...)

```

## Arguments

object	An object out of baritsu function.
newdata	A data.frame.
type	Type of prediction. One of "both", "class", or "prob".
...	Not used.

## Value

A tibble that contains the predictions and/or probabilities (and also the standard deviations of the predictive distribution only for predict.baritsu\_blr).

## Description

A wrapper around [mlpack::random\\_forest\(\)](#) that allows passing a formula.

**Usage**

```
random_forest(
  formula = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  mtry = 0,
  trees = 10,
  min_n = 1,
  maximum_depth = 0,
  minimum_gain_split = 0,
  seed = 0,
  x = NULL,
  y = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>formula</code>	A formula.
<code>data</code>	A data.frame.
<code>mtry</code>	Subspace dimension. If 0, autoselects the square root of data dimensionality.
<code>trees</code>	Number of trees.
<code>min_n</code>	Minimum number of data points in a leaf.
<code>maximum_depth</code>	Maximum depth of the tree.
<code>minimum_gain_split</code>	Minimum gain required to split an internal node.
<code>seed</code>	Random seed. If 0, <code>std::time(NULL)</code> is used internally.
<code>x</code>	Design matrix.
<code>y</code>	Response matrix.

**Value**

An object of class `baritsu_rf`.

**See Also**

[mlpack::random\\_forest\(\)](#) [predict.baritsu\\_rf\(\)](#)

`softmax_regression`      *Softmax regression*

**Description**

A wrapper around `mlpack::softmax_regression()` that allows passing a formula.

**Usage**

```
softmax_regression(  
  formula = NULL,  
  data = NULL,  
  penalty = 0.001,  
  epochs = 400,  
  no_intercept = FALSE,  
  x = NULL,  
  y = NULL  
)
```

**Arguments**

formula	A formula.
data	A data.frame.
penalty	L2-regularization constant.
epochs	Maximum number of iterations.
no_intercept	Logical; passed to <a href="#">mlpack::softmax_regression()</a> .
x	Design matrix.
y	Response matrix.

**Value**

An object of class `baritsu_sr`.

**See Also**

[mlpack::softmax\\_regression\(\)](#) [predict.baritsu\\_sr\(\)](#)

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